On my honor, I have neither given nor received any aid on this work, nor am I aware of any breach of the Honor Code that I shall not immediately report.



Recall the rising edge model e(t) we discussed in class:



Figure 1. Rising edge e(t), for $t \in [0, \tau]$.

The parameters of the model are the rise time τ , the attack α , and the release ρ . The model requirements are

- 1. e(0) = 0,
- 2. $e(\tau) = 1$,

3.
$$e'(0) = \alpha$$

4.
$$e'(\tau) = \rho$$

1. Assume a cubic form for the model, i.e.

$$e(t) = a + bt + ct^2 + dt^3$$

Use the model requirements to solve for a, b, c, and d in terms of the model parameters τ, α , and ρ . Rewrite e(t) in terms of the model parameters.

- 2. Although we didn't list it as a requirement of the model, obviously we'd like the rising edge to live up to its name; that is, we'd like e(t) to be an increasing function for $t \in [0, \tau]$.
 - (a) Prove that if $\alpha \ge 0$, $\rho \ge 0$, and $(\alpha + \rho)\tau \le 2$, then e(t) is increasing on $[0, \tau]$.
 - (b) Are there other values of the model parameters for which e(t) is increasing on $[0, \tau]$? If so, can you find a better (i.e. more complete) description of the set of model parameters for which e(t) is increasing on $[0, \tau]$?